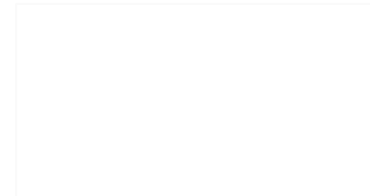


# MODEL DRIVEN ENGINEERING

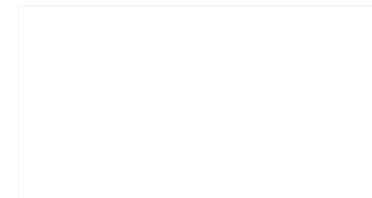
Simulation-based performance evaluation of PacMan NPC's

Can Babek Ilgaz



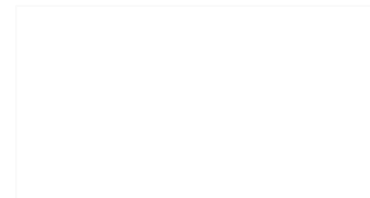
# About the game

- Introduction
- Specifying NPC behaviour
  - About the game
  - Specifying in statecharts
- Using the statecharts
- Simulation
- Conclusion
- Demo
- Question

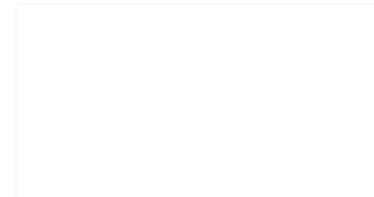


# INTRODUCTION

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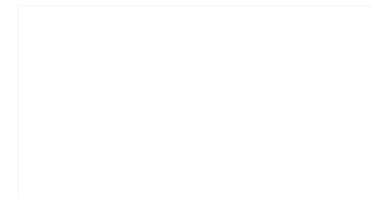


# SPECIFYING NPC BEHAVIOUR



# About the game

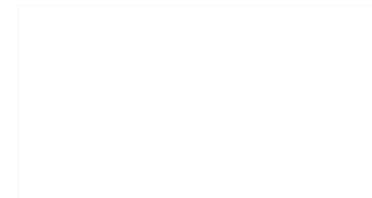
- PacMan
  - PacMan dies if touched
  - PacMan eats apples and score gets incremented
  - PacMan can not move to a tile occupied by an obstacle
- PacMan eat apple, Ghosts chase



# Statecharts

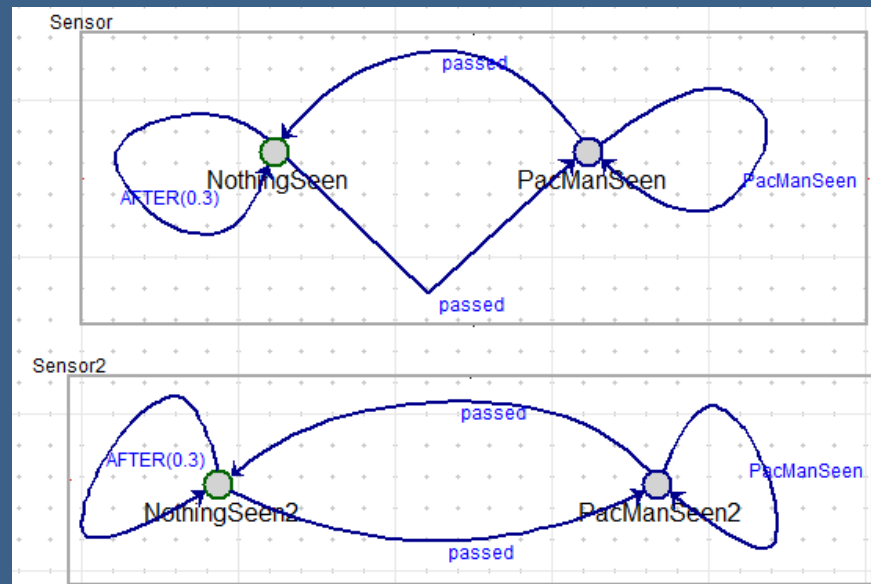
- Based on [1]
- Allows for modular statecharts
  - Keeps them interchangeable
  - Reusable
  - Simple
- Statecharts made in atom3

[1] - Programmed Graph Rewriting with Time for Simulation-Based Design – Eugene Syriani and Hans Vangheluwe



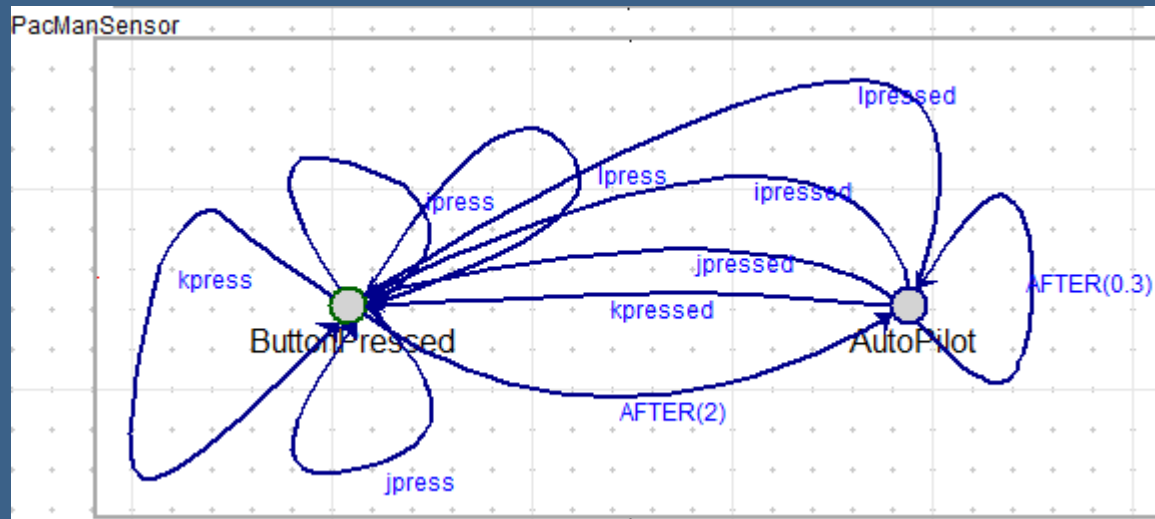
# Sensor

- Eyes
- Same for Ghosts
- Event generated if PacMan sighted



# PacMan

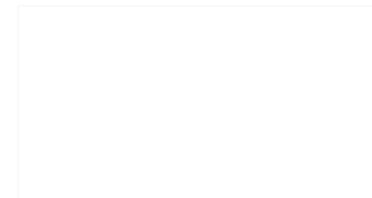
- Controlled by User
- If in 2 seconds no key pressed moves randomly



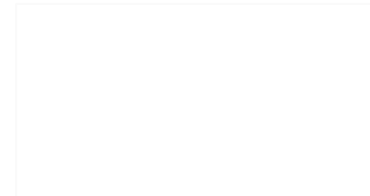


# Putting it all together

- All orthogonal components
  - Put together in one composite component
- Allows behaviour like:
  - After 2 seconds, move random tile.
    - If PacMan seen start chasing
  - If key pressed, go back to a different state

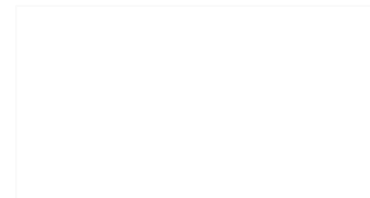


# USING THE STATECHARTS



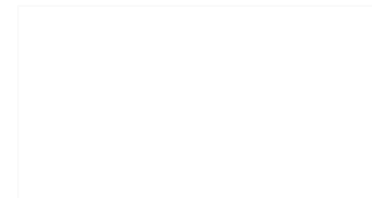
# Python code

- 3 different entity
  - Updated every pass of main loop ( $\pm 30$  ms)
    - Game hangs if not loop finished



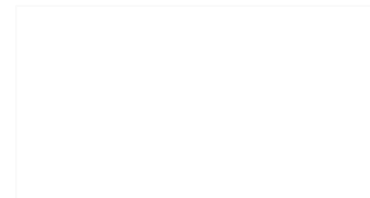
# Timing issues?

- Statechat can “miss” events
  - For example: seeing PacMan
  - Normally: If reached, next loop detected
  - But: Takes 2 or 3 loops
    - Ghosts keeps moving but on wrong state

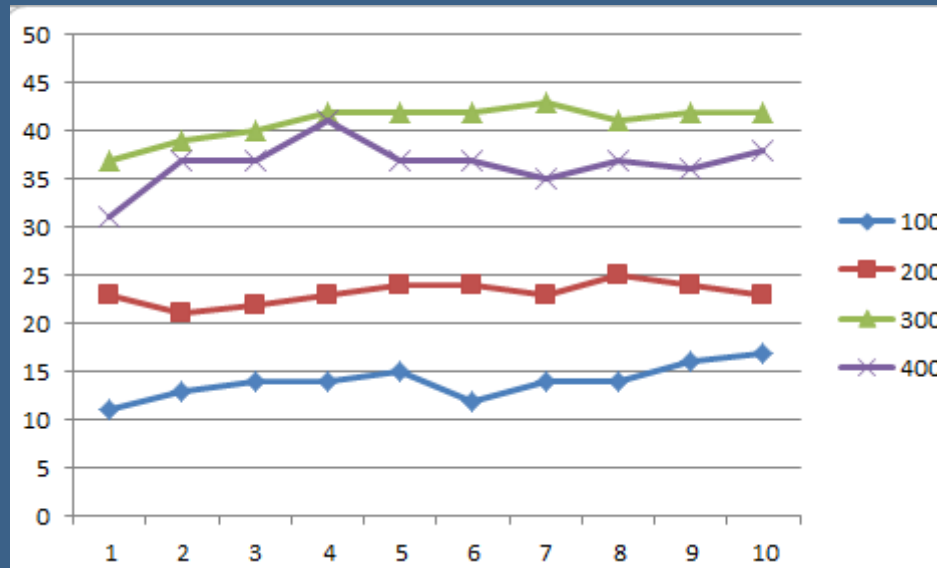


# Solution?

- Correct the deviation
- Generate event in code Just take it into account when designing
  - Avoid the problem!



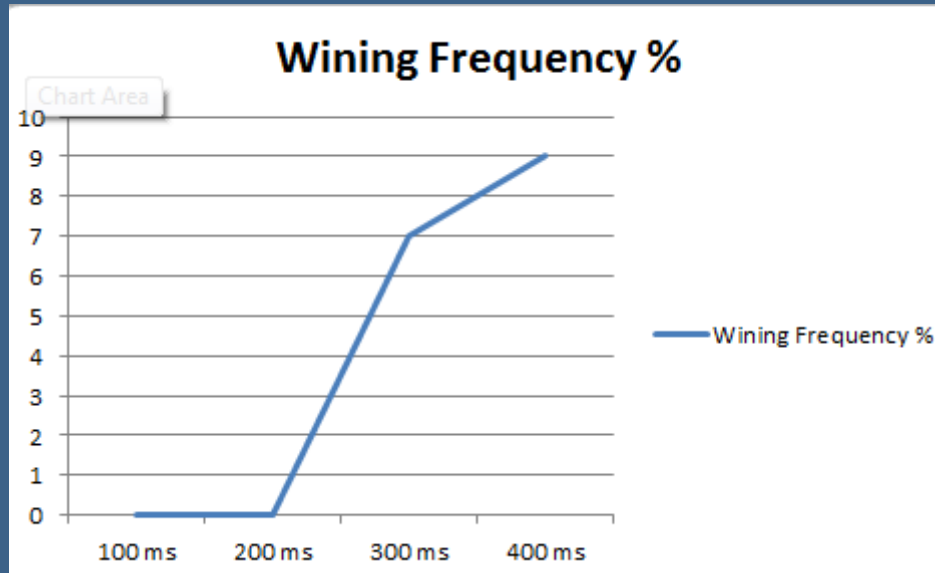
# Simulation



y - Game lasting time

x - Playing count

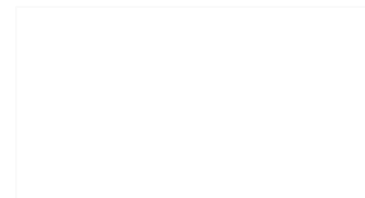
# Simulation



y - Playing count

x - Ghosts' reaction time

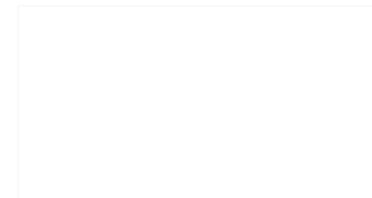
# CONCLUSION





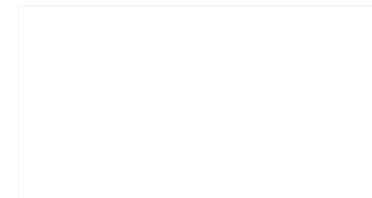
# Pros

- Easy to develop
  - Can be used by non-programmers!
- Higher abstraction
  - No knowledge of specific algorithms needed
- Easy to adapt
- Reusable
- Easy to represent complex structures and interactions
- Easy to read



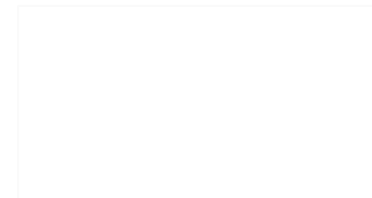
# Cons

- Sometimes after a few steps game crashed
- Simulation with the current code generation simulation is not so obvious



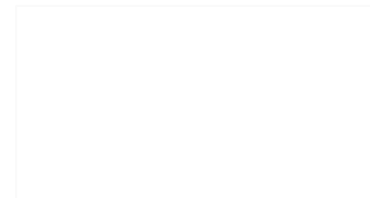
# Do what when?

- Where do statecharts stop and does code begin?
- Made the mistake: coding first, statecharts later
  - Other way around!



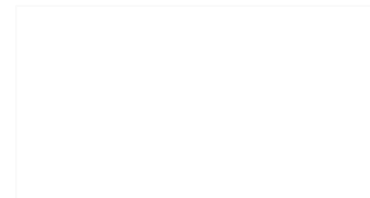
# Conclusion

- Very usable for this type of problem
  - Some mistakes but can be solved



How we are going to beat Ghosts

**DEMO**



Thank you for your attention.

**QUESTIONS?**

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